## CORRIGENDUM



## Correction to: Consistent methods for fat free mass, creatinine clearance, and glomerular filtration rate to describe renal function from neonates to adults

O'Hanlon, CJ, Holford, N, Sumpter, A, Al-Sallami, HS. Consistent methods for fat-free mass, creatinine clearance, and glomerular filtration rate to describe renal function from neonates to adults. *CPT Pharmacometrics Syst Pharmacol*. 2023; 12: 401–412. doi:10.1002/psp4.12924

In the published version of O'Hanlon, CJ, et al. (2023) we would like to correct the following.

Equation 7 should read:

$$FFMIN = FMAT \times FMAT MAX$$

The associated Equation 7 text currently reads:

"The baseline, FFMIN, is obtained from FMAT\_PRE, a parameter describing FRFFM in a 24-week premature neonate, and FMAT\_MAX, the asymptotic estimate of FFMadult (Equation 7)."

But should read:

"The baseline, FFMIN, is obtained from FFMAT, the fraction of FMAT\_MAX describing the nadir of FRFFM and FMAT\_MAX, the asymptotic estimate of FFMadult (Equation 7)."

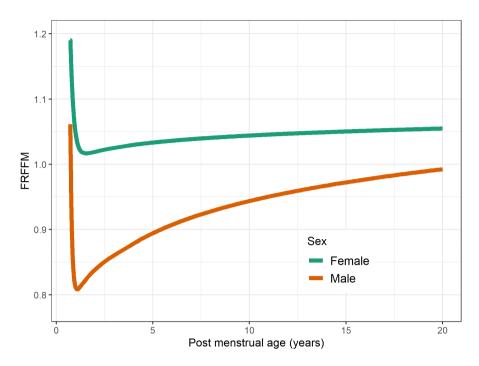
Equation 8 should read:

$$FFNEO = (FMAT\_PRE - FFMIN) \times e^{-\frac{\log(2)}{TFF\_PRE} \times \left(PMA - \frac{24}{52}\right)}$$

This is an open access article under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits use, distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

© 2023 The Authors. CPT: Pharmacometrics & Systems Pharmacology published by Wiley Periodicals LLC on behalf of the American Society for Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics.

## Figure 1 should be:



**FIGURE 1** Predicted fraction of adult FFM (FRFFM) in males and females from neonates to young adults based on postmenstrual age, sex, total body mass, and height covariates in the pooled data set. FRFFM rises approaching adult fat free mass values with an asymptote of 1 in males, but with a higher asymptote of 1.06 in females. Parameter values are shown in Table 1.

We apologize for these errors.